

Trolleybotien 1.12.2010 :

Alternative elektrische Antriebssysteme im öff.Busverkehr

Innovativer Einsatz von Energiespeichern, Ladesystem und Management

Lucerne University of
Applied Sciences and Arts

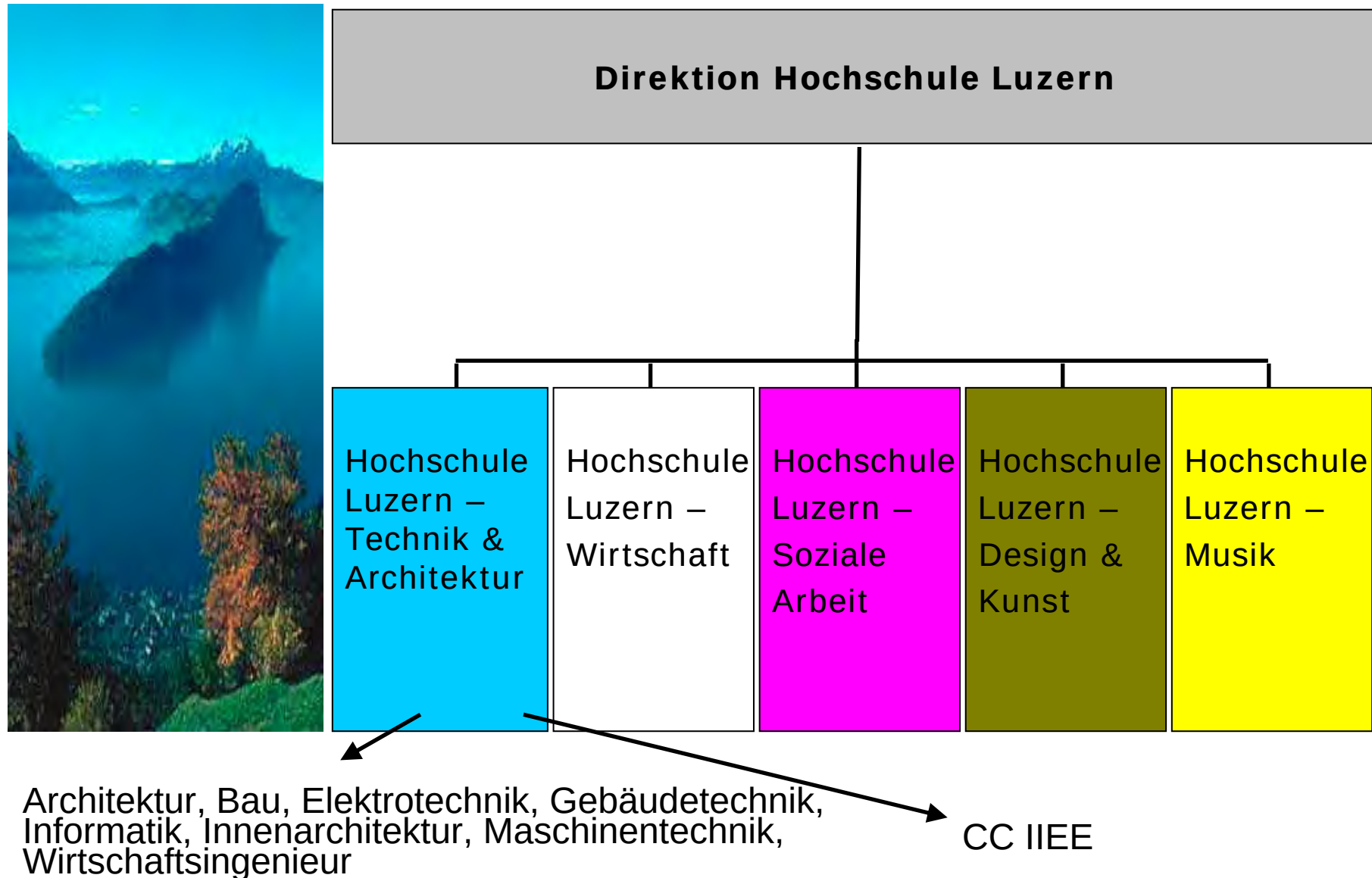
**HOCHSCHULE
LUZERN**

Engineering & Architecture



1. Introduction, background
2. Public transport drive chains
3. e.g. TR-bus with SCAPs
4. Energy storages for trolleys
5. Discussion, outlook

1. Introduction, Background

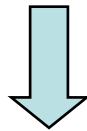


IIEE means: „Integral, Intelligent, Efficient Energy Systems



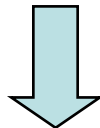
Integral:

Innovation by combinations, compact solutions



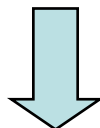
Intelligent:

Management, communication, regulation



Efficient:

Our motivation is the ecological and economical responsibility for the resource „energy“



Energy Systems:

Emphasis on system integration rather than components

Team CC IIEE

Härri V.



Arnold R.



Blättler P.



Bucher R.



Bättig M.



Ernst D.



Gander T.



O. Kasilov



Lindegger M.



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Maskimovich A.



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Meier R.



Omlin A.



Riesen H.



Salathé D.



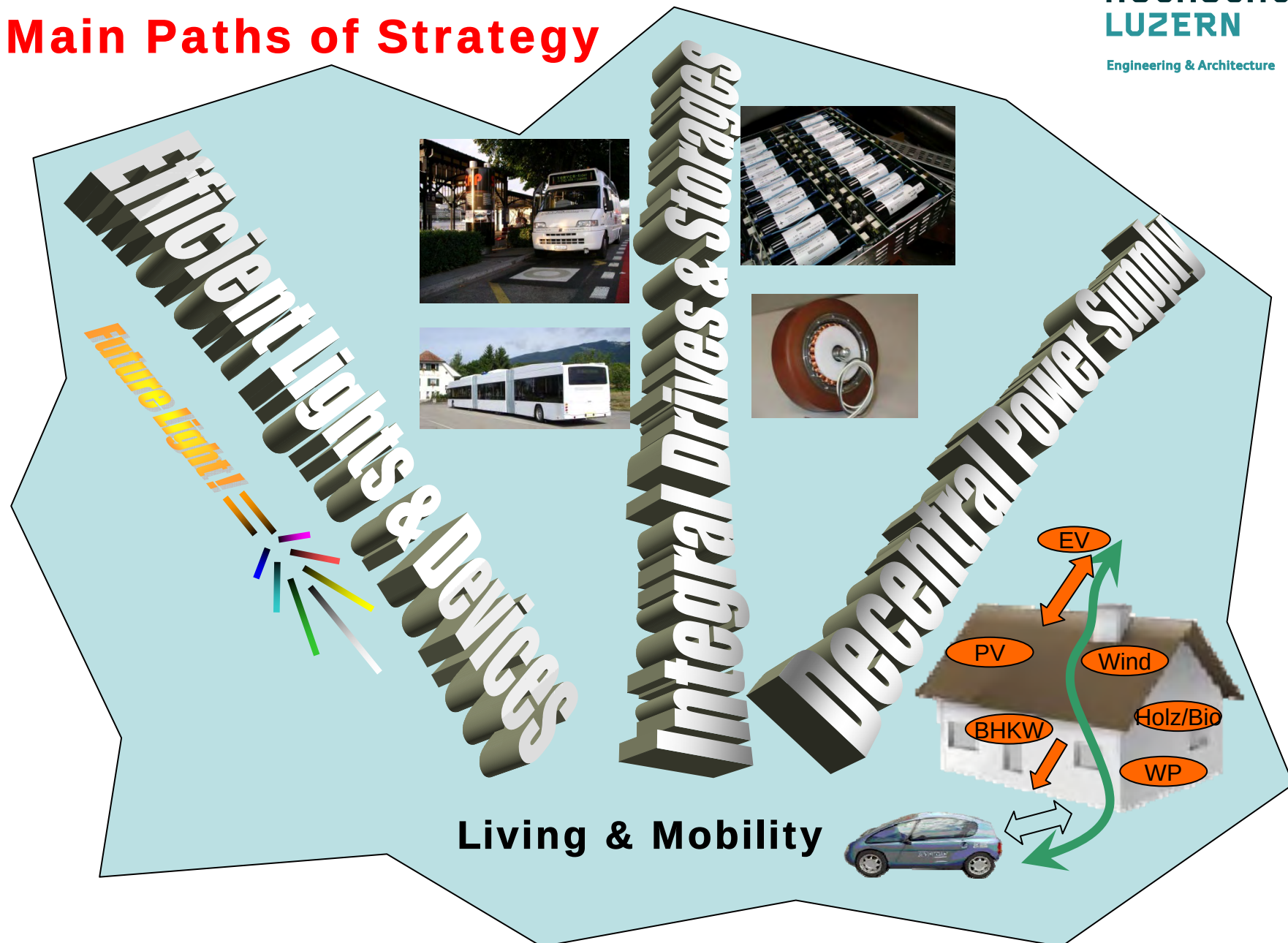
Schwartz P.



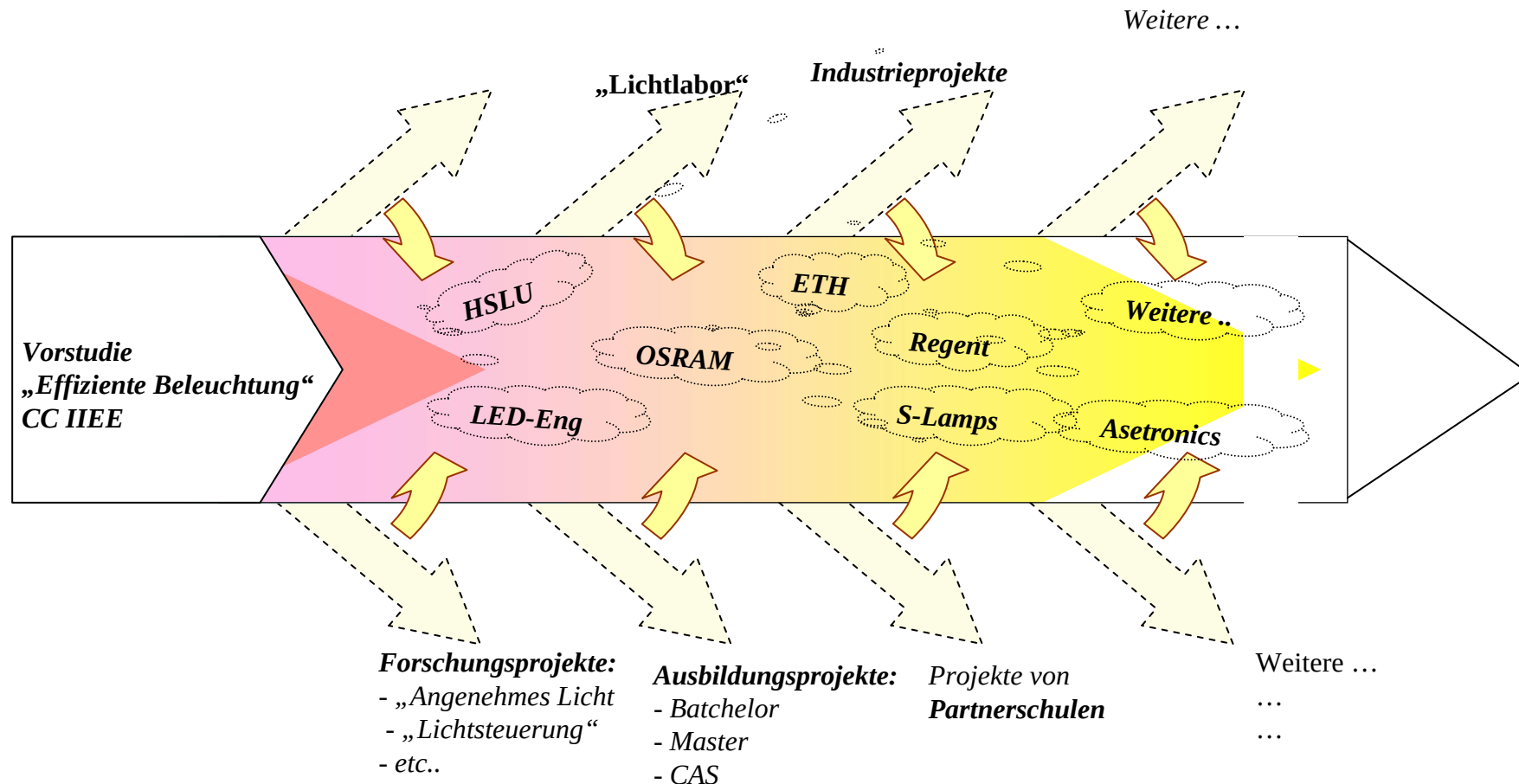
Schweizer P.



3 Main Paths of Strategy



Future Light Network



- Thematik Beleuchtung schweizweit mit Netzwerk fördern (FutureLight!)
- Interdisziplinäres Lichtlabor (Abt. Gebäudetechnik, Architektur, Elektro)
- Forschung auf dem Gebiet von LEDs

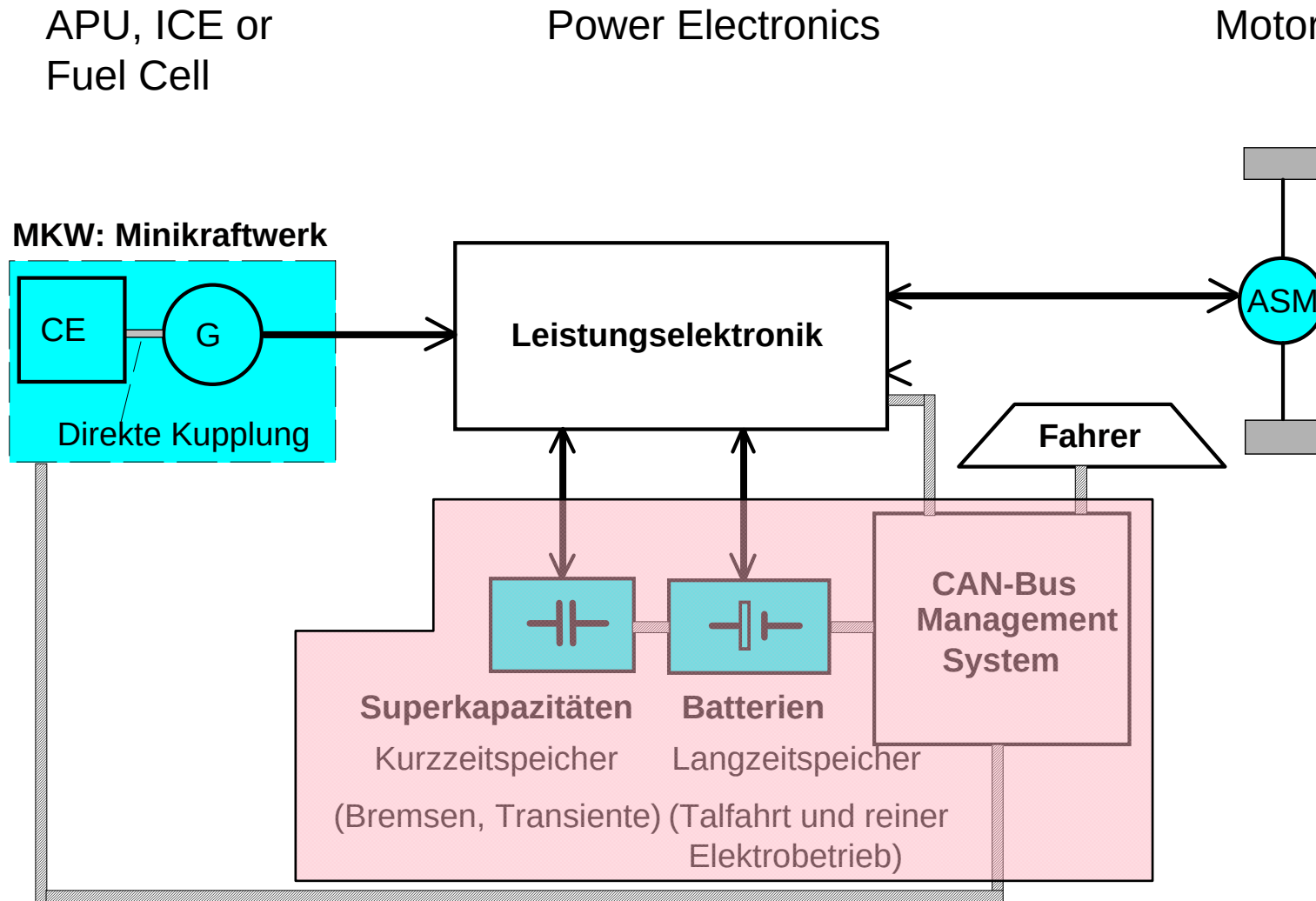


Swiss Ecco-Tour 1994: At the Top of Furka



→ Looking for the 3 liter vehicle !

Understanding of SAM



Introduction: Blue-Angel III today



2010: Blue Angel III in CC IIEE Laboratory



Battery modul for Blue Angel III



SAM box for Blue Angel III



SCAP modul for Blue Angel III

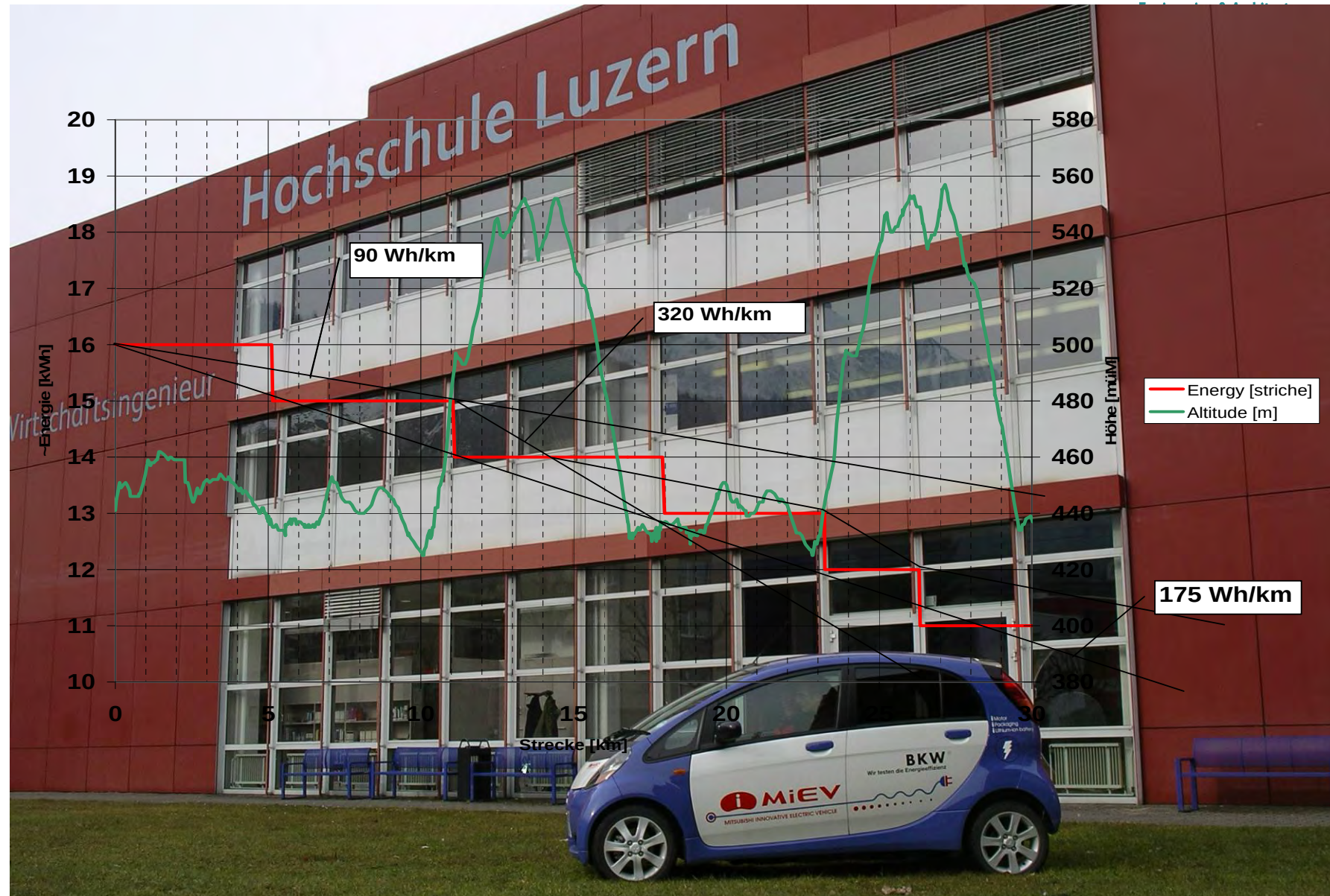
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Kickboard Project

- 1st Solution 2001, ST7
- Updates 2003, 2006 SCAPs in handlebar
- 2008, PIC, sensorless, simplified power-electronics

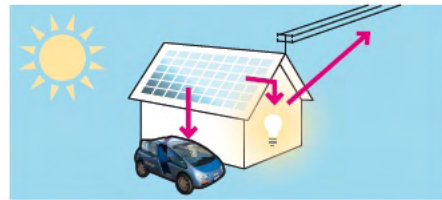


Mitsubishi IMIEV tested in Lucerne



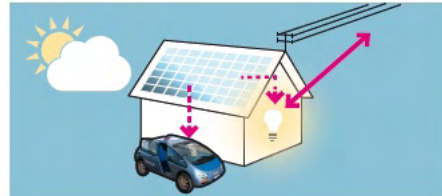
Idea of V2G

Function Principle of V2G e.g. for PV & Vehicle



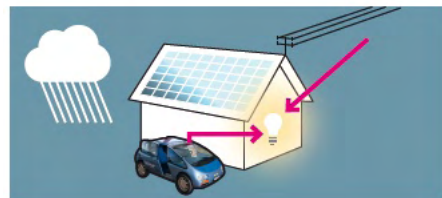
sunny day:

- PV charges Blue Angel
- PV powers electrical appliances of building
- PV feeds back to grid



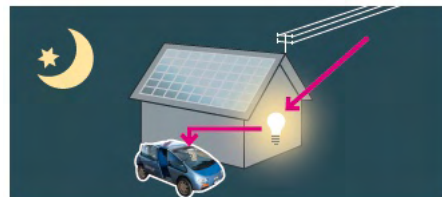
cloudy day:

- PV charges Blue Angel intermittent
- PV powers electrical appliances intermittent
- PV feeds back to grid when possible
- grid feed when needed



rainy day:

- no PV energy
- V2G: Blue Angel provides power to building to reduce peak loads on the grid



at night:

- no PV energy
- building supplied by grid
- Blue Angel battery charged from grid in off-peak time

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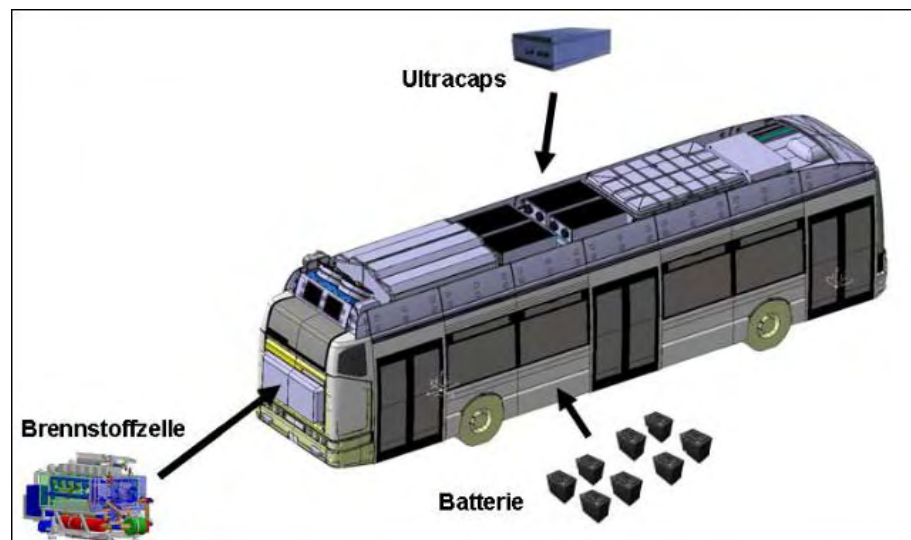
Proton Motor& Skoda: TryHyBus



TryHyBus- serial hybrid with:

- Fuelcells 48kW PEM as a primary energy source
- Li-ion battery storage 26kWh and ultracapacitors 0.32 kWh as a secondary energy source

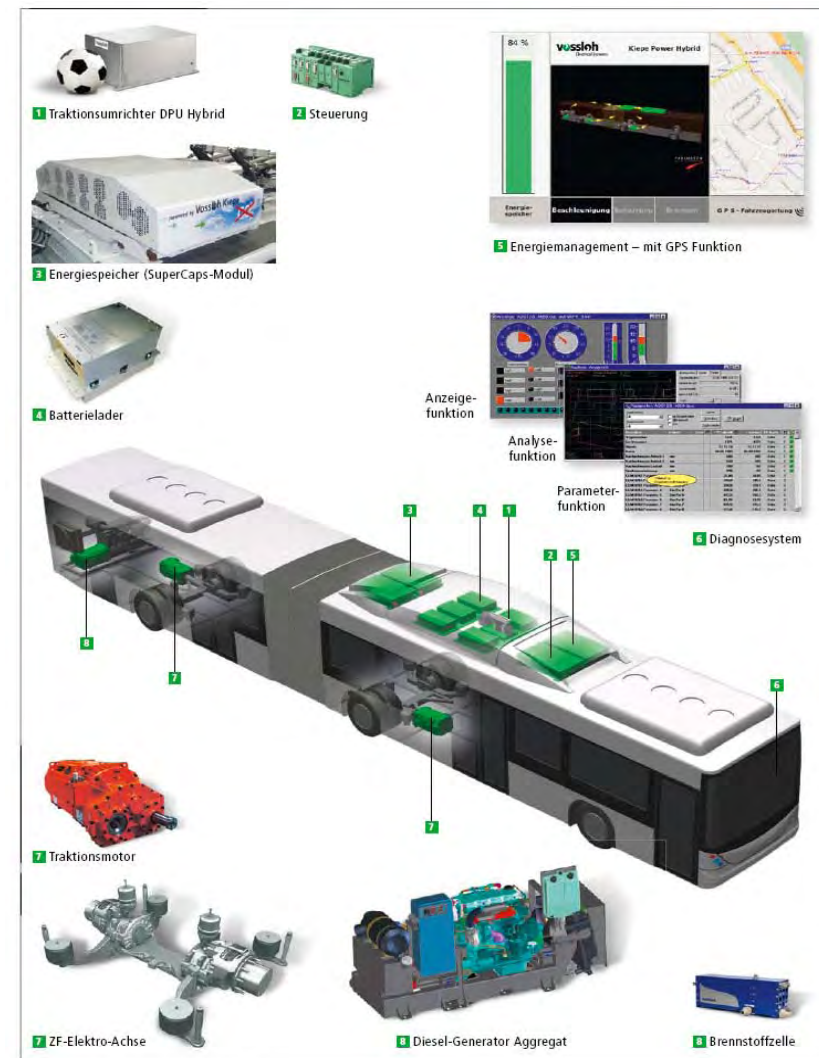
Range: 250km Max. speed:65km/h



Carrosserie HESS & Vossloh-Kiepe 24m Hybrid Bus



- Hybrid technology in 24m bus
- Capacity for more than 200 passengers
- ESS- energy storage system from Vossloh-Kiepe GmbH based on double-layer capacitors
- Energy management system developed in cooperation with CC IIEE

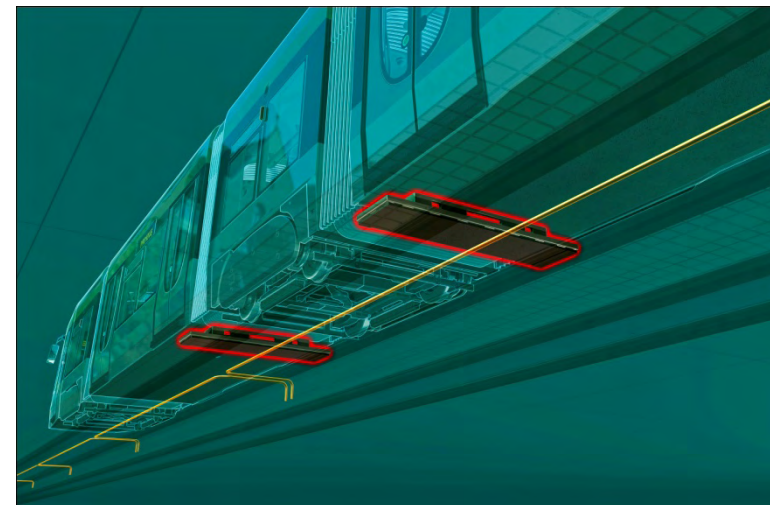


Vossloh Kiepe Hybrid System – Übersicht

Bombardier Transportation: Primove-Inductive Power Transfer



- Eliminates overhead wires and increases city's attractiveness
- Safely transfers inductive power
- Eliminates wear on parts and components
- Operates in all weather and ground conditions



Siemens SITRAS: E. S. S. for Mass Transit Systems



- Energy saving up to 30% of the supplied energy
 - Stabilizing the line voltage
 - Enabling operation without overhead contact line
-
- SES: static energy storage system
 - MES: mobile storage system
 - HES: hybrid energy storage system that combines powerful double-layer capacitors and traction batteries
 - Up to 2.5km without wires by energy storage

ALSTOM Citadis System



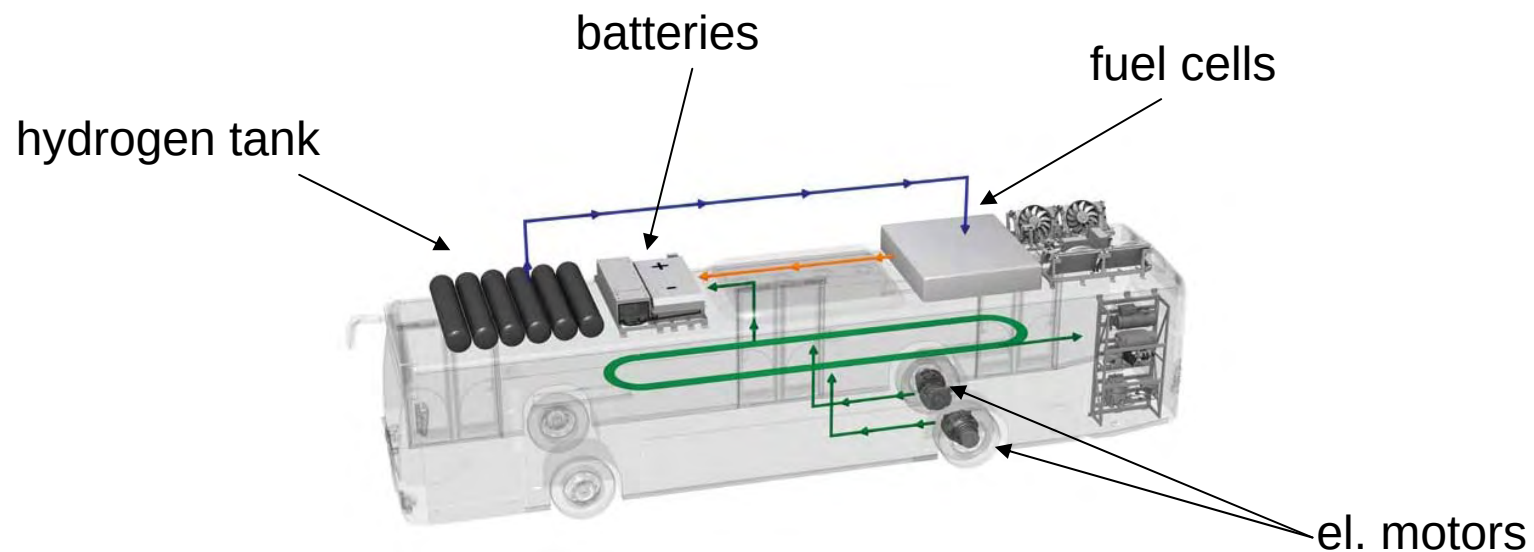
Citadis trams can be powered by:

- Overhead wires
- APS: ground-level power supply (alimentation par sol), sections put on and off
- Flywheel or fuel cell
- Hybrid with diesel motor for Regional traffic

Mercedes Benz Citaro Fuel-cell Hybrid System



- 18m articulated hybrid bus, later
- 12m bus with fuel cells and Lithium-ion battery pack
- Should be extremely efficient



Anasaldo STS: Tram Wave System



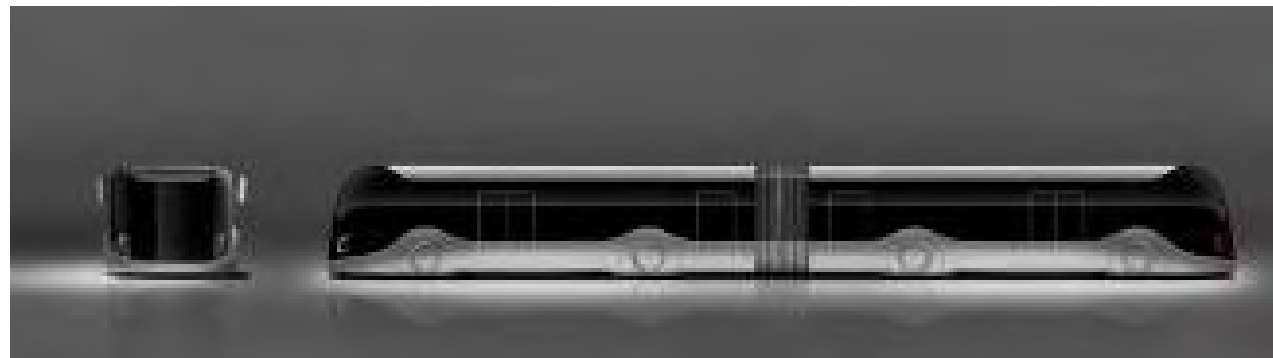
- A ground-level power supply where the contact line is embedded in the permanent way
- A modular system that assures safety
- Tram is equipped with magnetic „pick up shoes“
- **Only one part of track under the tram is electrified**
- Typically 3m to 5m
- Retrofit of existing systems possible



Fraunhofer- Institut: Auto Tram



- A modular vehicle with a flywheel energy storage system
- Can be operated as a single bus or a uni- or bidirectional high-capacity vehicle
- A hybrid drive concept with fuelcells and a flywheel energy storage system
- rubber wheels and optically guided



Conductix-Wampfler: Inductive Power System (IPT)



- Contactless power supply without mechanical contact
- Used for fast fast battery charging in Lucerne, Genova, Turin
- Safety- safe operation and charging under all weather conditions
- Automated and optimized charging process
- Pick-up



Solaris: Trollino with Batteries in Roma



- Solaris Ganz Trollino 18 with NiMH batteries on board
- Can operate at regular traffic speed on battery power
- Feed in system



Ultracapacitor Buses in Shanghai



- The bus is powered entirely by electricity, which is stored in ultracapacitors and batteries onboard
- When the bus stops at passenger stops, the overhead charger quickly recharges the ultracapacitor onboard
- Ultracap hybrid bus: 2.25kWH from Ultracapacitors and 60kWH from batteries

Overview

Alternative transport systems can be sorted according to

- type of drive system (hybrid, electrical)
- type of guidance (1-2 rails, 1-2 wires, inductive in the floor, by colour line)
- energy source (continuously, storage, by APU or fuel cell, changing storage)
- energy storage (batteries, supercaps, flywheel)

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TOHYCO bus with Supercaps and IPT



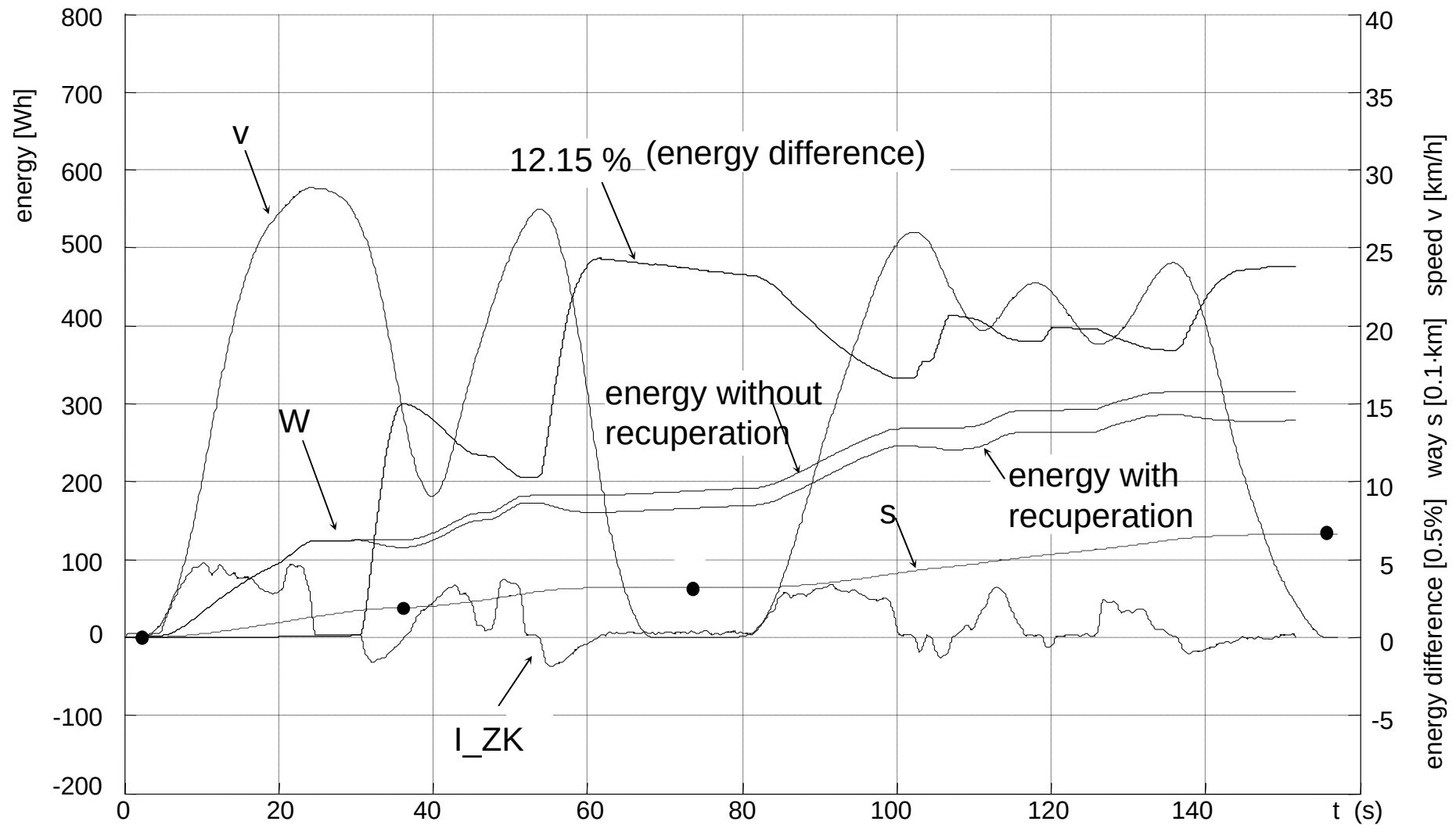
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TR-Bus Drive Profile 2004 / 2006

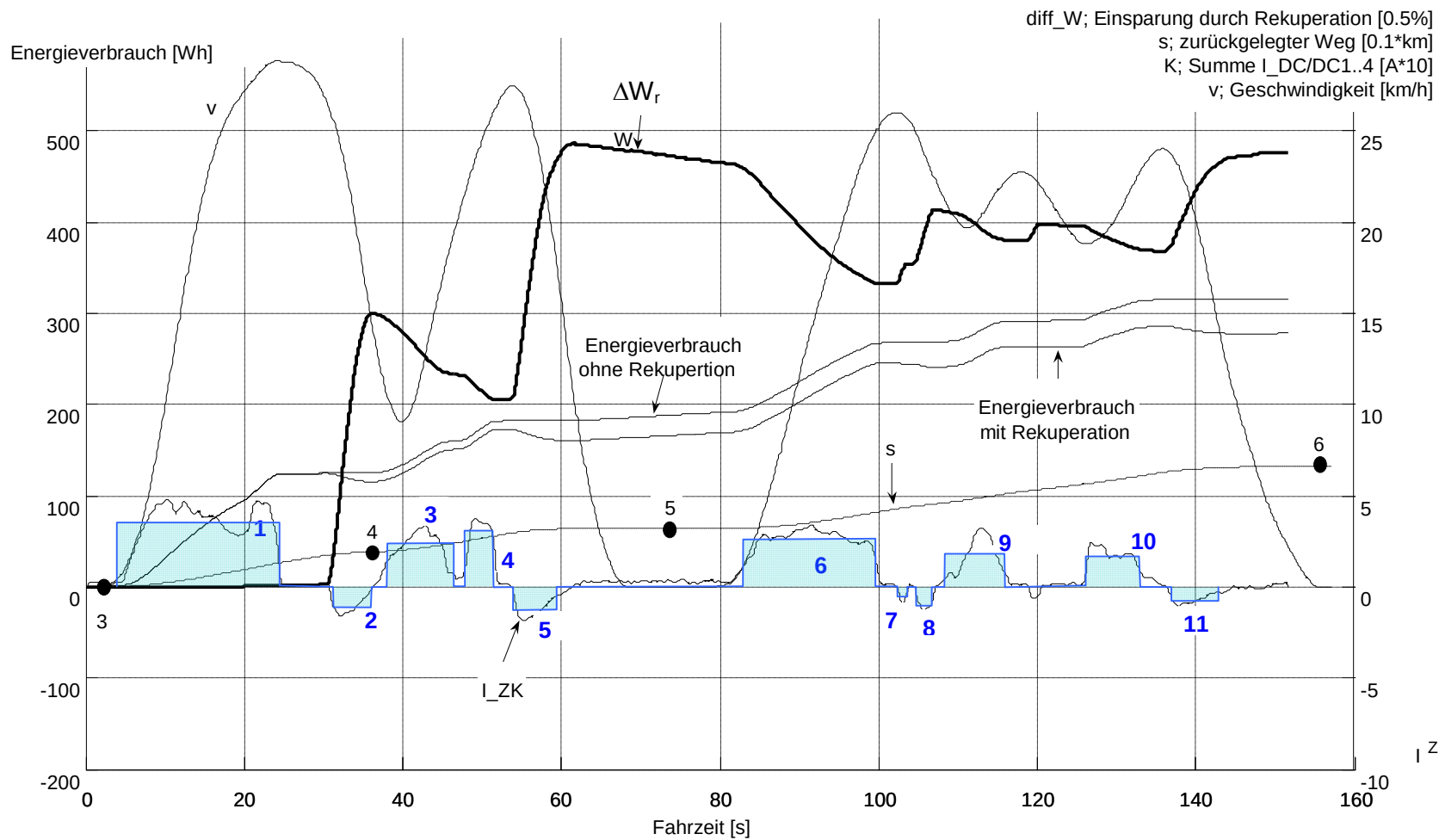
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Engineering & Architecture

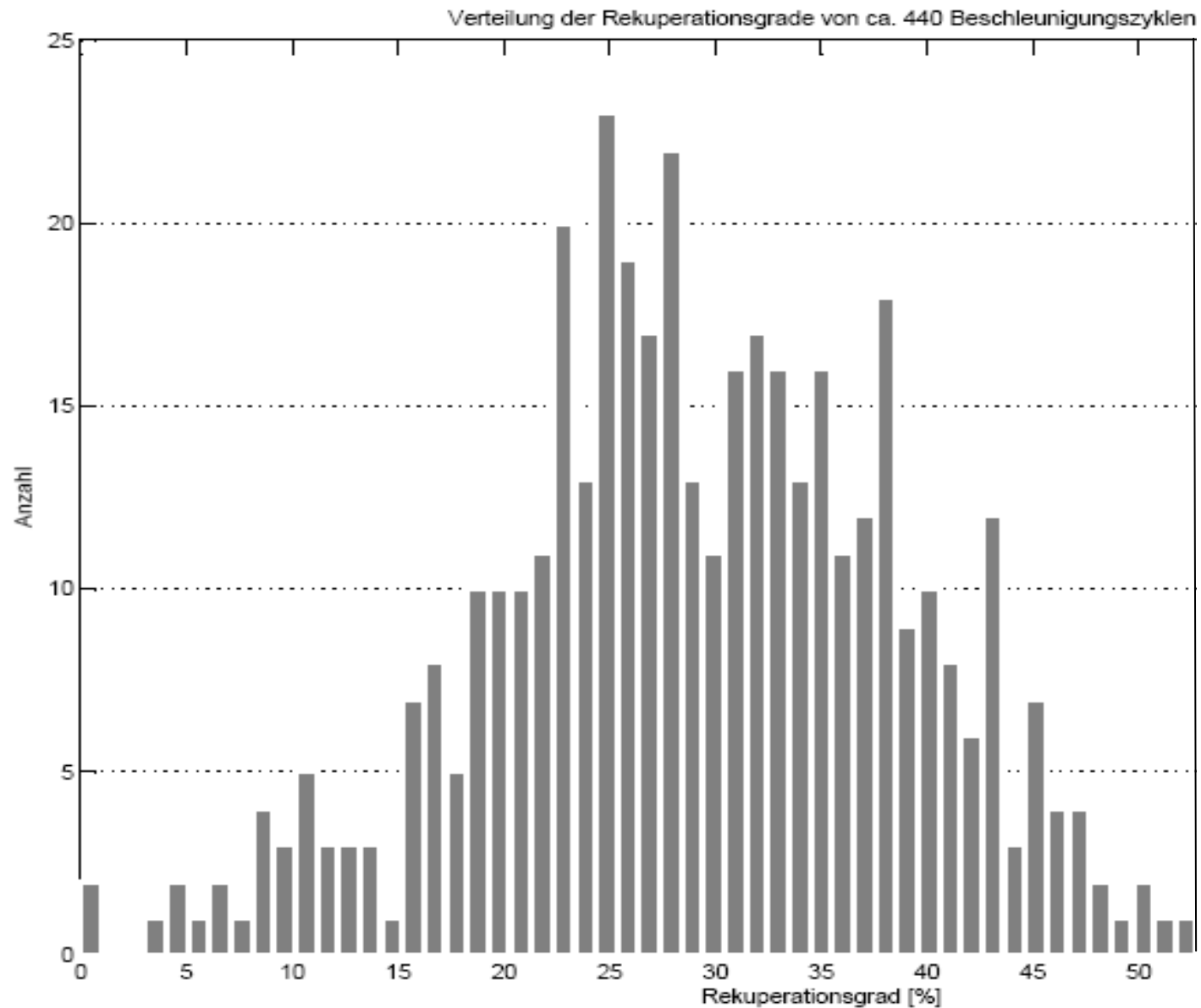


Measured losses of SCAPs

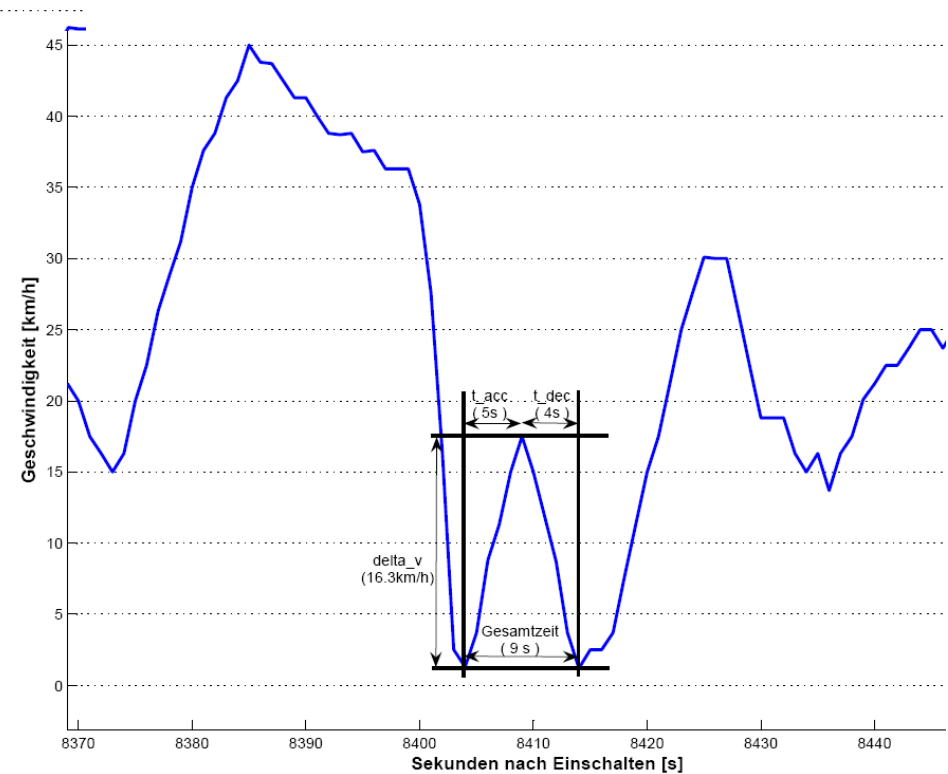
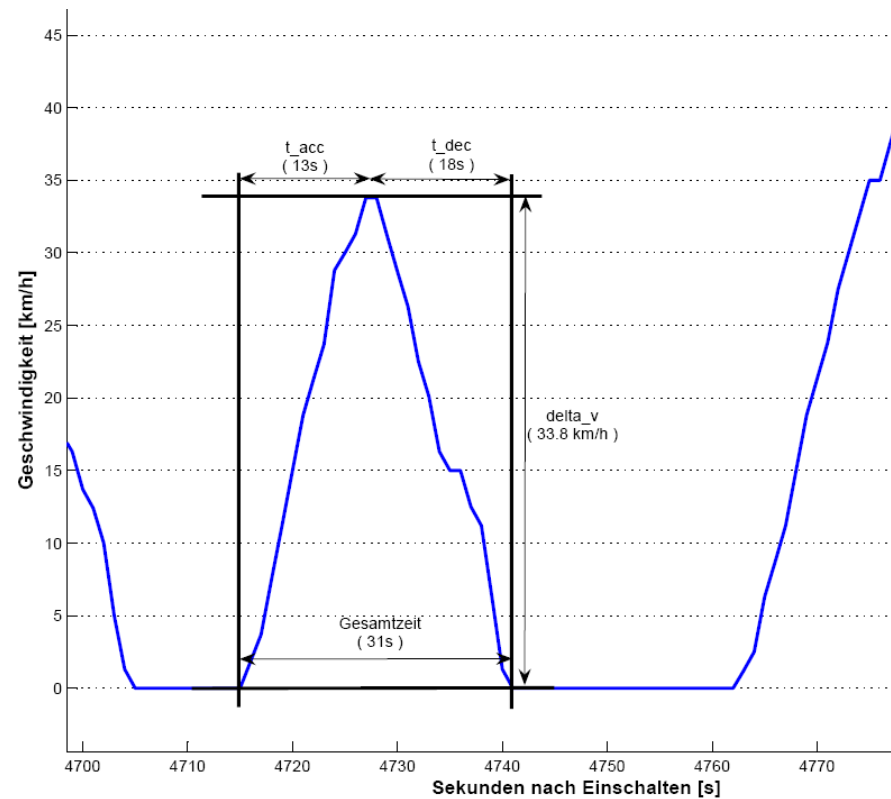


TR-Bus: storage losses of supercaps for this section only about **0.4%** !

TR-Bus Analysis of 440 Rides



Efficiency with SCAPs



Looking for the best efficiency: left 10%,

right 49%

Result: when SCAPs are useful ?

1. The faster the acceleration or the braking and the shorter the ride with constant speed, the better the recuperation degrees
2. High recuperation degrees are only possible with a very good efficiency (supercaps). Due the high power for fast speed changes, this becomes here very important.
3. With the TR-bus the very small internal resistances of the supercaps are responsible for the good efficiencies of over 90%.

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Significance of teh Energy Management

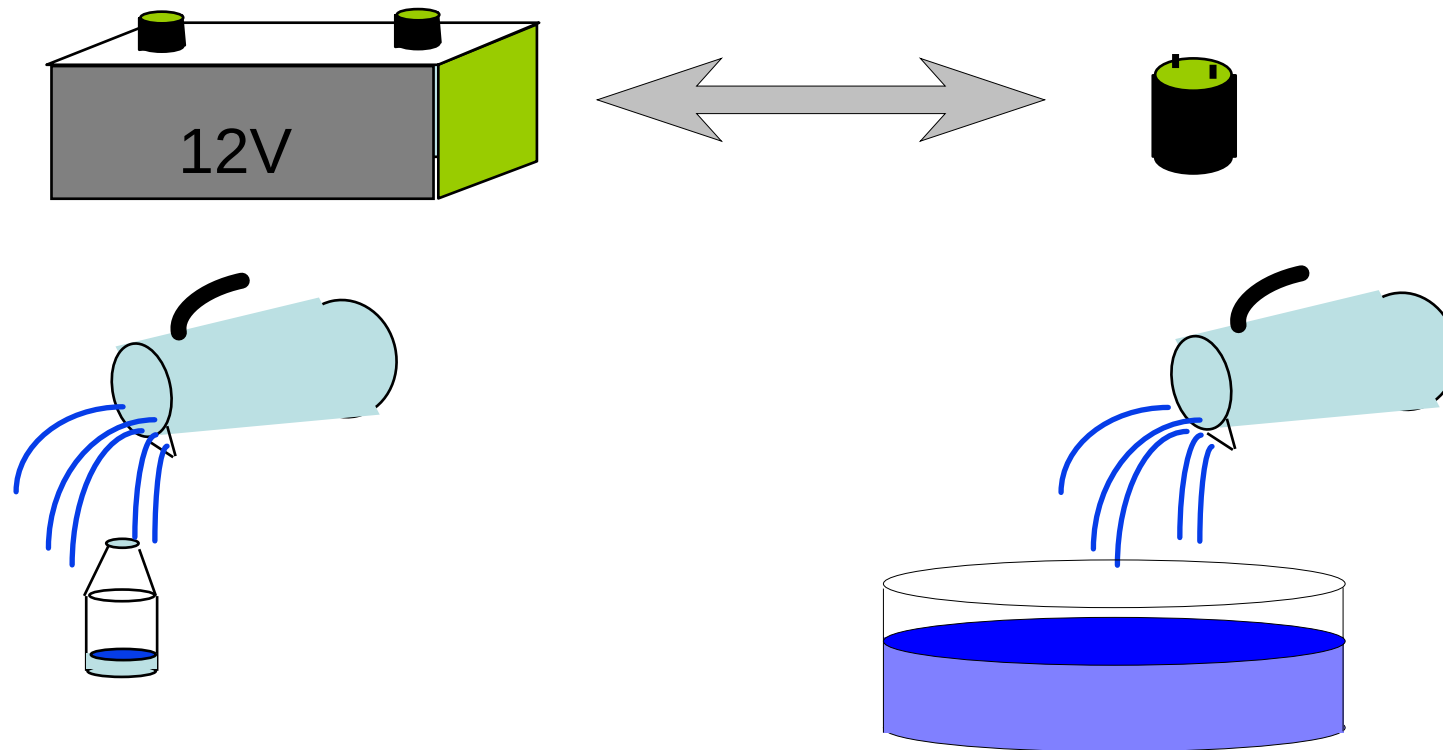
CC IIEE realized energy-management for

2 axel driven, double articulated, 24m Hybrid-Bus with supercaps

by HESS/Vossloh-Kiepe



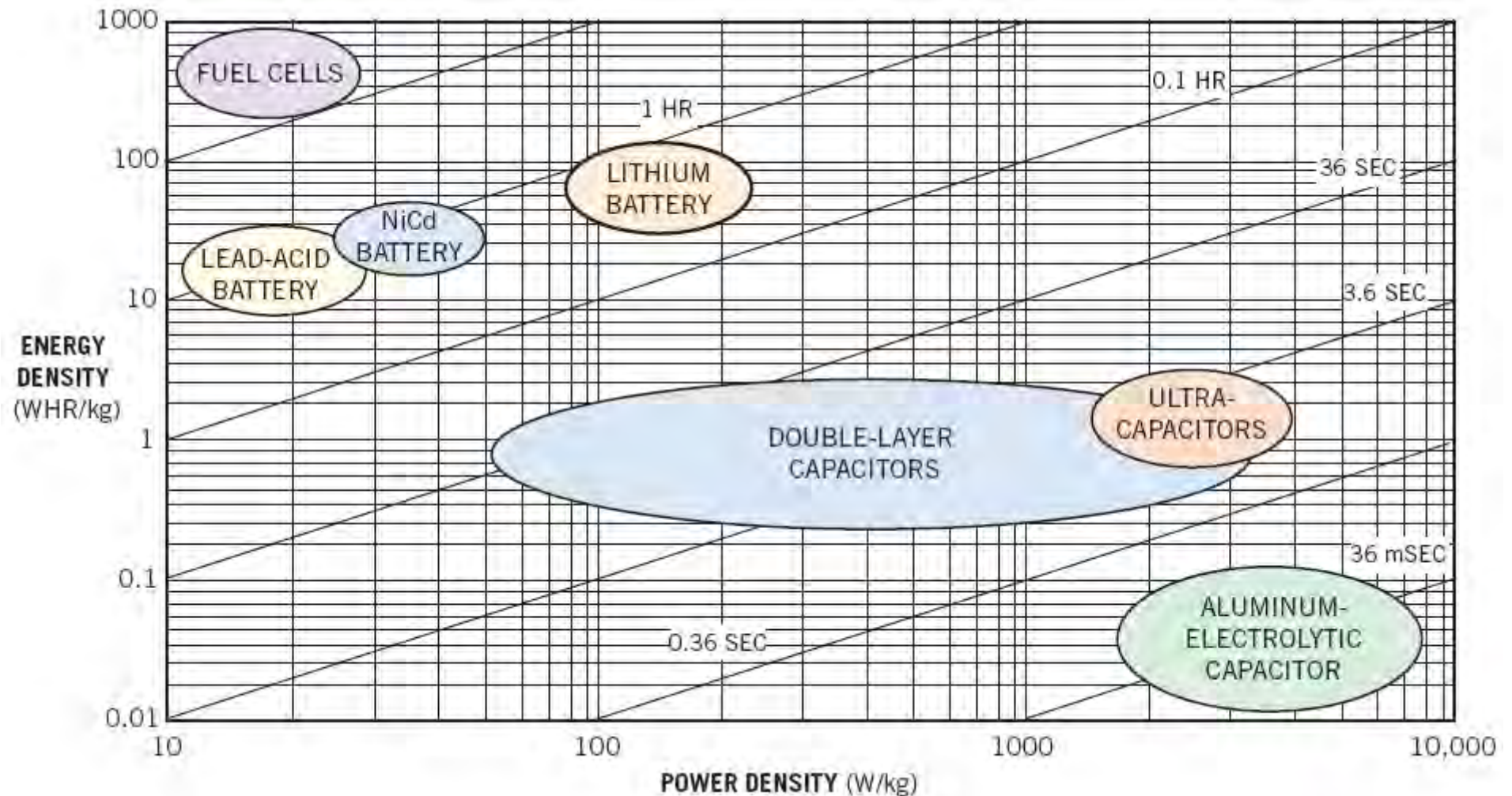
Advantage of SCAPS: Higher Power



energy spread out

whole energy is taken

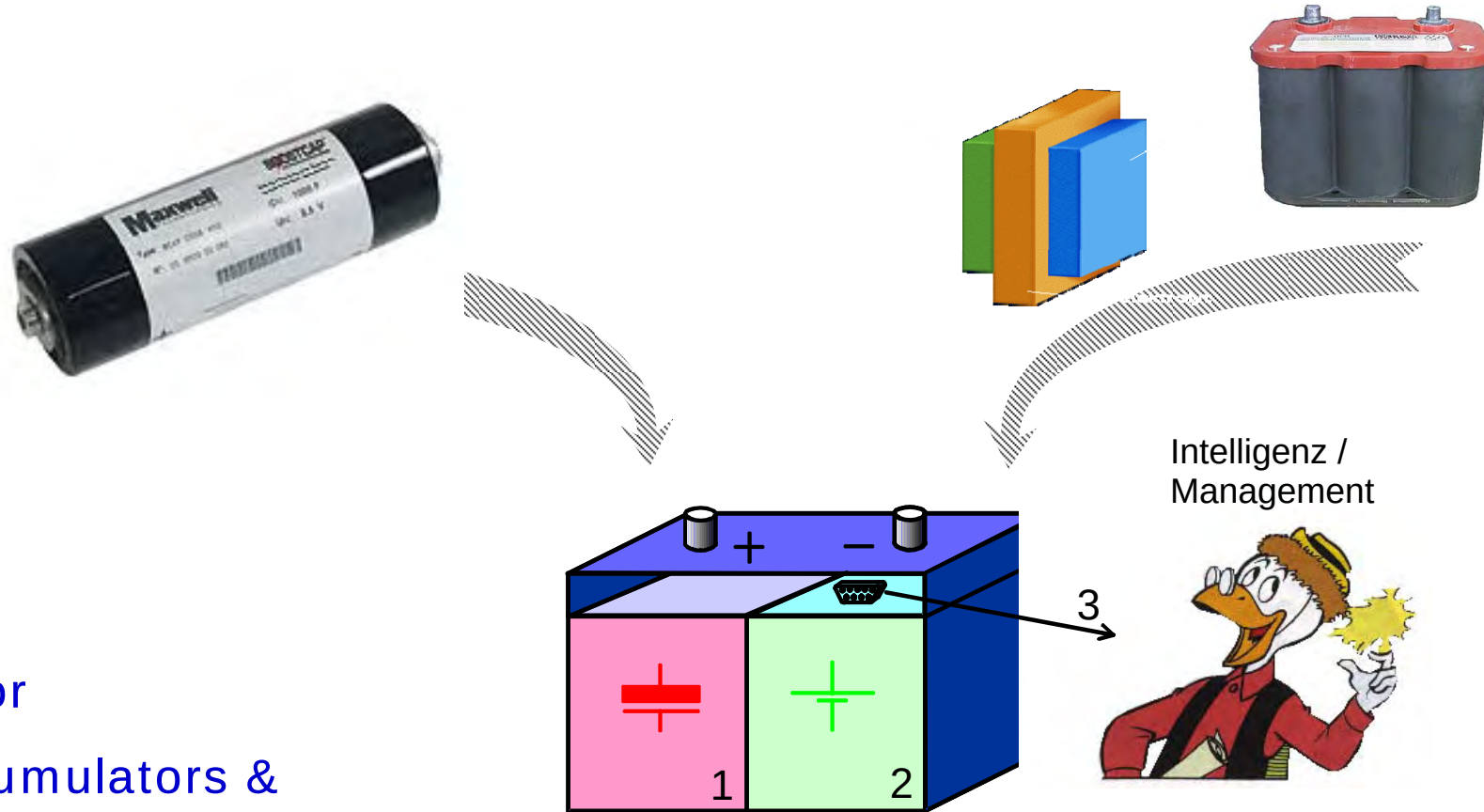
Energy versus power density (ragone)



Quelle: Maxwell (EDN 9.1.03)

Concept "SAM"

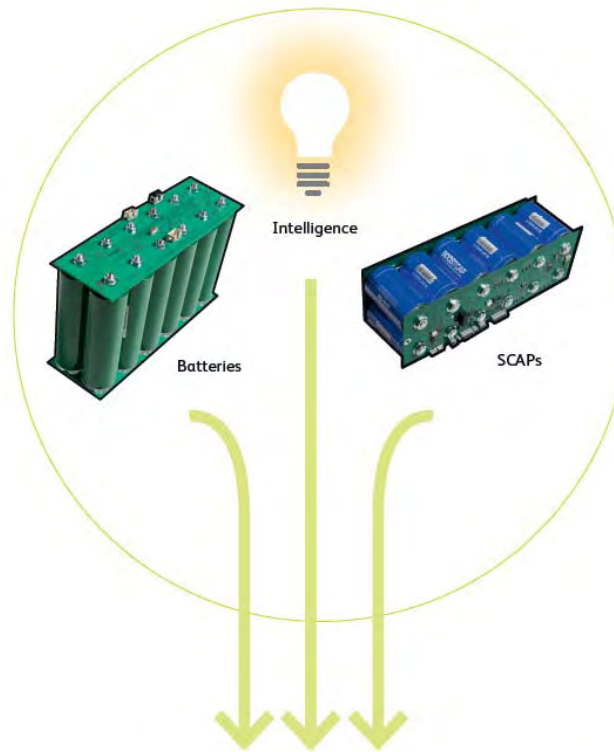
Super Accumulator Module



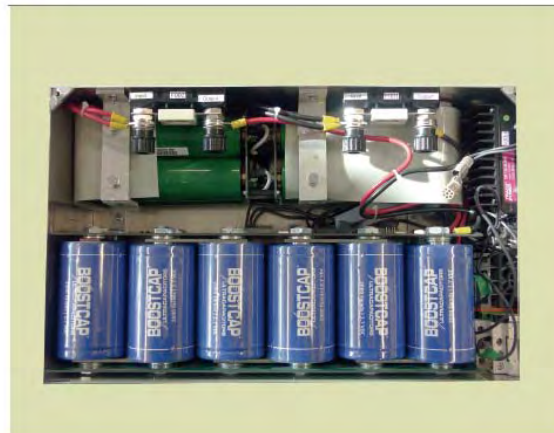
SAM for

1. accumulators &
2. supercapacitors &
3. intelligence (management of power system)

SAM today



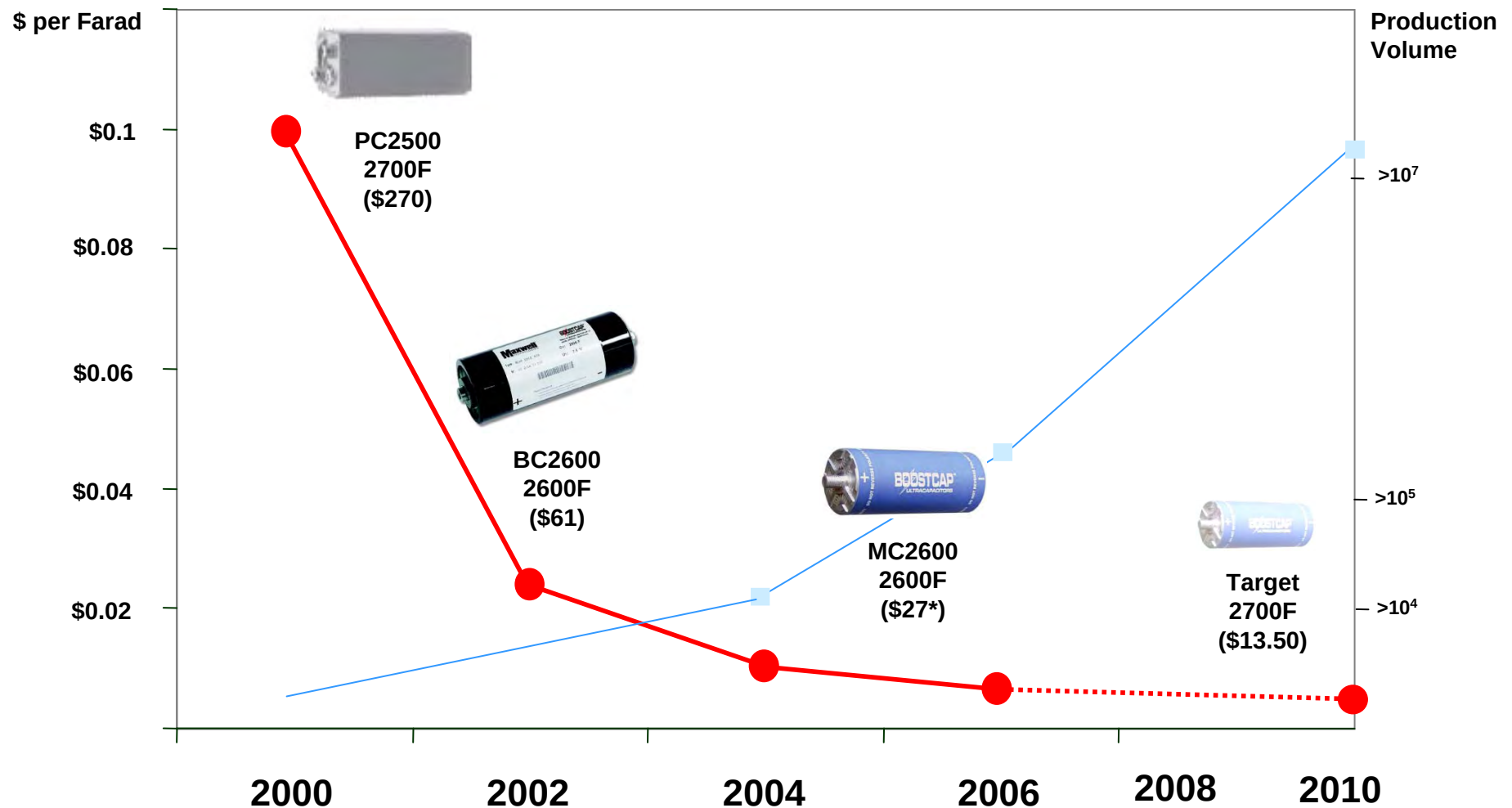
SAM



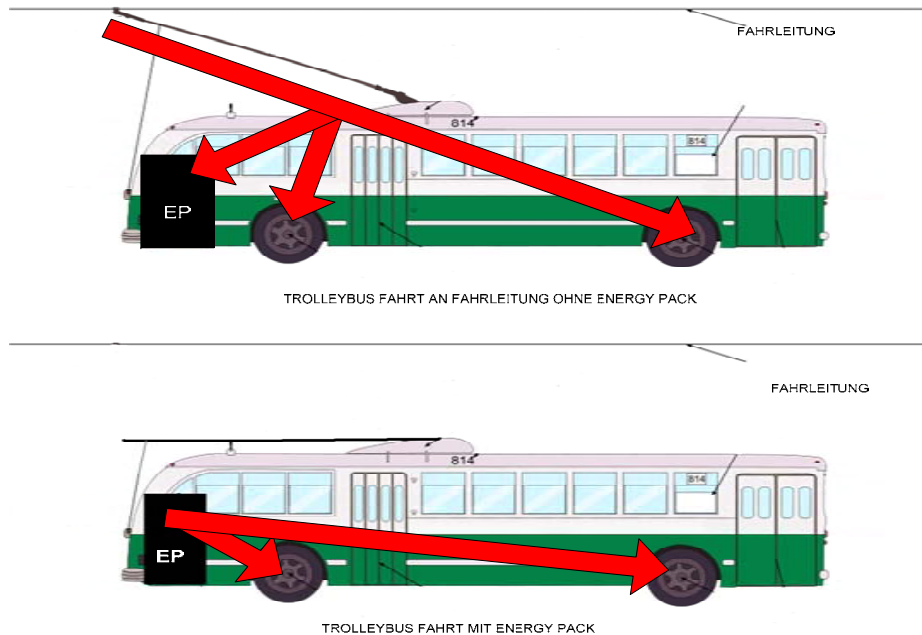
Additional Adv. Specification for SAM 3rd Gen.

1. connected together very easily by a special plug
2. SAM should be easily exchangeable for maintenance reasons
3. should communicate with most popular communication systems (CAN..)
4. different types of power converters should be possible
5. SAMs with specific sizes according to customers wishes
6. SAM should fulfil the relevant standards, generally for EMC and
7. Self check utility
8. Today 2 main parts: process adaption and intelligence

Encouraging: Cost Decrease of SCAPs



Energy Pack – the way to the E-Bus ?



Looking for a multifunctional use of an energy pack:
grid stabilization, autonomy, and so on...?

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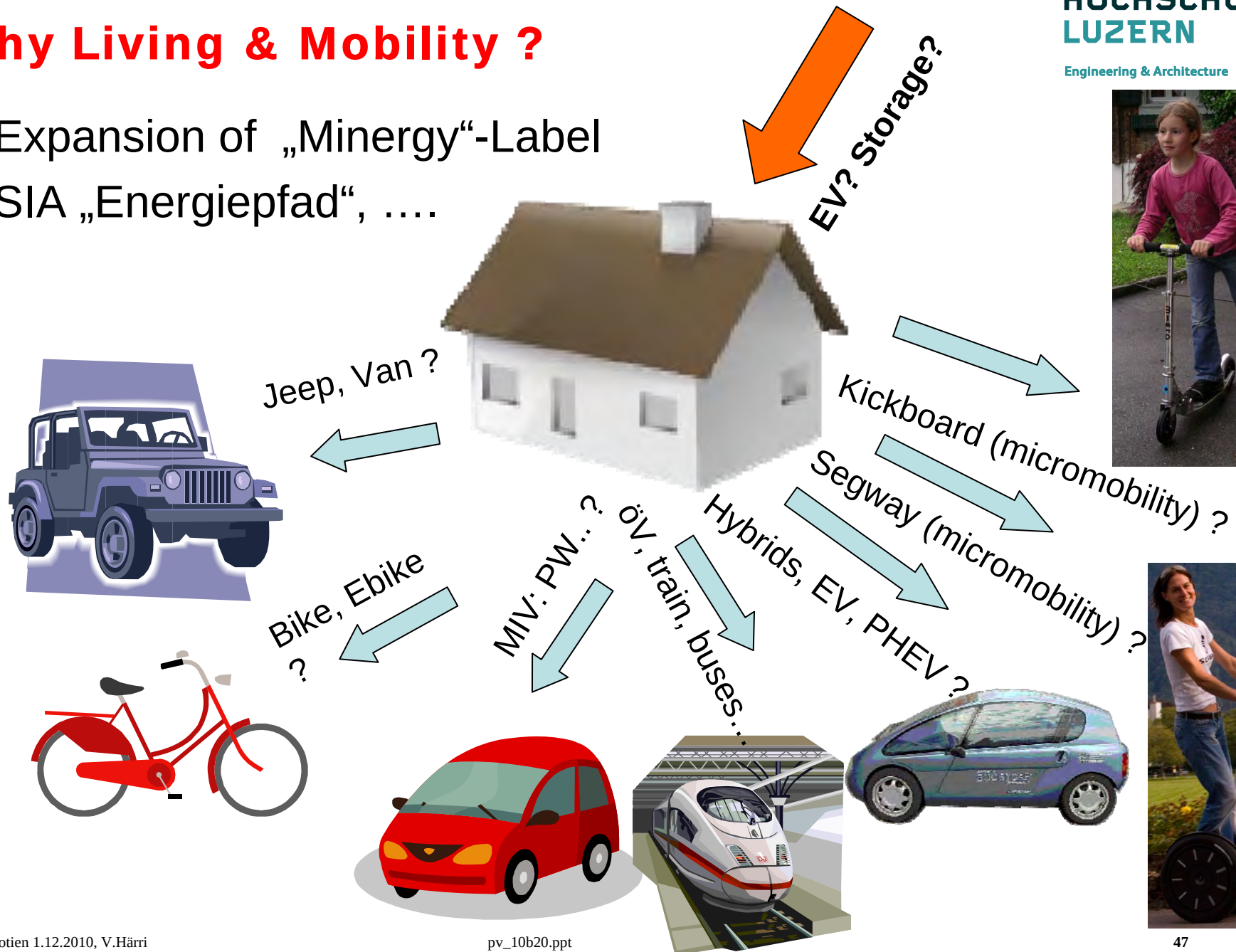
Boundary Conditions

System view and large political act:

- Basics: 2050 oil? Only EVs?
- Feasibility is given, solutions are ready, we have only politically to realise it.
- Detaching from the simple question about the quality of the battery! Further solutions?
- Consider the cross connections: „Living & Mobility“ (view of total energy, building and infrastructure, aspects of V2G, and so on ...)
- Not public transport for public transport's sake

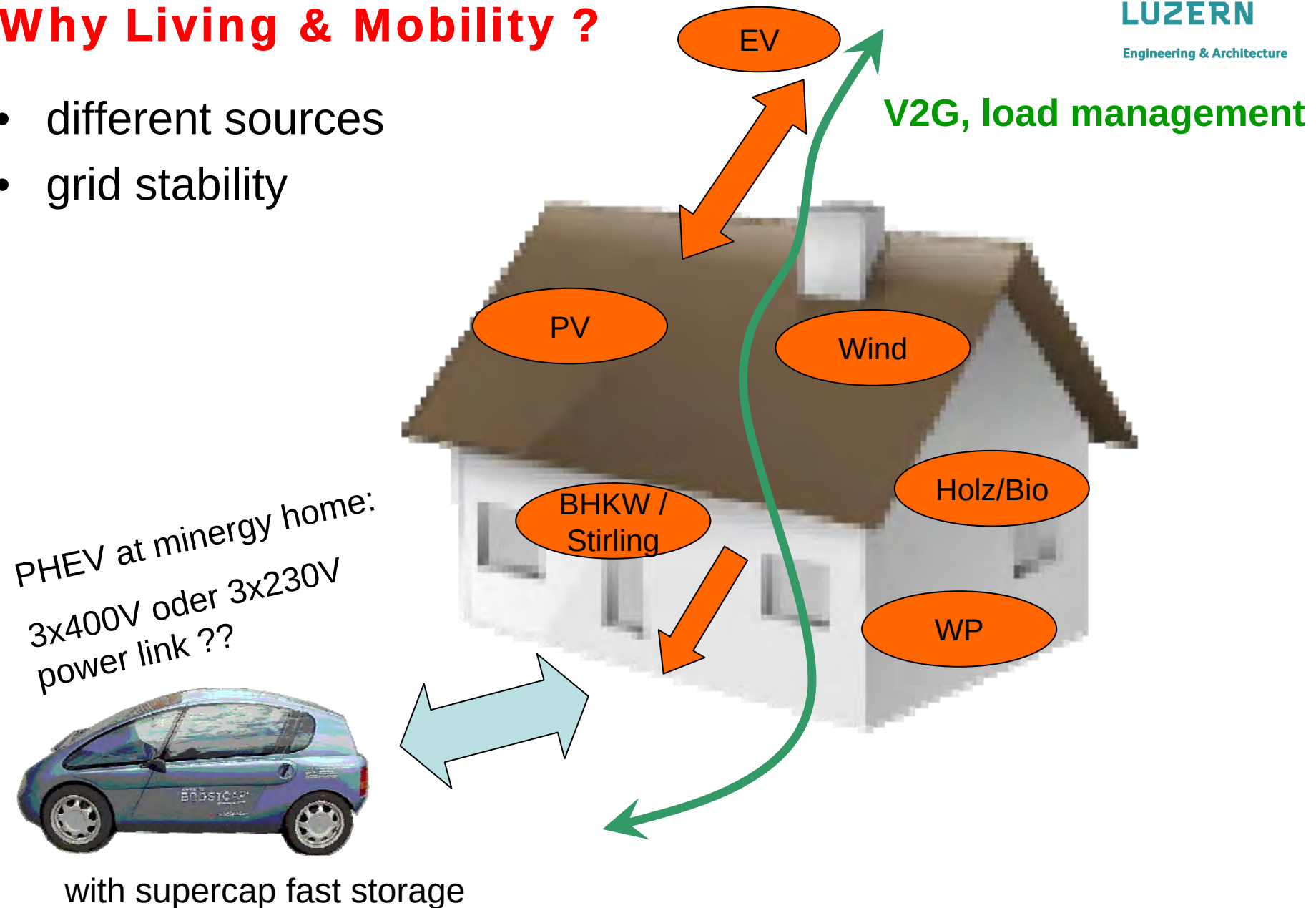
Why Living & Mobility ?

- Expansion of „Minergy“-Label
- SIA „Energiepfad“,



Why Living & Mobility ?

- different sources
- grid stability



Discussion

- Acting with system view is important, mobility is only a part
- Public transport may become the role of a pioneer for electromobility (small number, simple dissemination)
- Reduction to technical questions is not correct
→ Solutions are present! Political act!
- Networking: all are involved for the responsibility
- No delegation of the responsibility to single persons, groups
- Creating incentives, promote alternatives
- Different types of mobility, playing together in the context of „Living & Mobility“